



Tuesday 21 May 2019 – Afternoon AS Level Biology B (Advancing Biology)

H022/01 Foundations of biology

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

You may use:

- · a scientific or graphical calculator
- a ruler (cm/mm)



Please write clearly in black in	c. Do not write in the barcodes.	·
Centre number	Candidate number	
First name(s)		
Last name		

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You may use an HB pencil for graphs and diagrams.
- Answer all the questions.
- Where appropriate, your answers should be supported with working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **70**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document consists of 32 pages.

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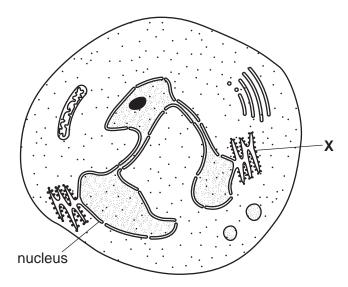
SECTION A

You should spend a maximum of 25 minutes on this section.

Write your answer for each question in the box provided.

Answer **all** the questions.

1 The diagram below shows a cell found in the bloodstream of a mammal.



Which of the statements, A to D, correctly identifies the cell and structure X?

- A The cell is a neutrophil and structure **X** is rough endoplasmic reticulum.
- **B** The cell is a monocyte and structure **X** is rough endoplasmic reticulum.
- **C** The cell is a lymphocyte and structure **X** is a ribosome.
- **D** The cell is a neutrophil and structure **X** is the Golgi apparatus.

Your answer				

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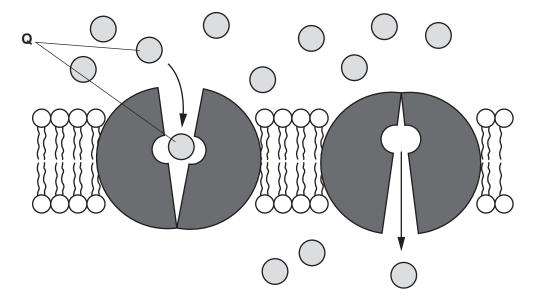
4

2		cientist was observing electron micrographs of eukaryotic cells and writing descriptions for anelles observed. One of the organelles was described as:	r the
		Two groups of microtubules usually arranged at right angles to each other.	
	Wh	ich of the options, A to D, is the organelle being described by the scientist?	
	Α	centriole	
	В	lysosome	
	С	endoplasmic reticulum	
	D	Golgi apparatus	
	You	ır answer	[1]
3	Hal	adaptatus cibarius is a photosynthetic organism found in salt lakes.	
	The	e cells of <i>H. cibarius</i> do not have nuclei or membrane-bound organelles.	
	Wh	ich of the options, A to D, describes the cells of H. cibarius?	
	Α	eukaryotic animal	
	В	eukaryotic plant	
	С	prokaryotic	
	D	viral	
	You	ir answer	[1]

2

[1]

4 The diagram below shows the transport of solute **Q** through a cell surface membrane.



Which of the statements, **A** to **D**, describes the transport of solute **Q**?

- A Solute **Q** is glucose being transported by active transport through a carrier protein.
- **B** Solute **Q** is oxygen being transported by active transport through a channel protein.
- **C** Solute **Q** is glucose being transported by facilitated diffusion through a carrier protein.
- **D** Solute **Q** is oxygen being transported by facilitated diffusion through a channel protein.

Your answer	

5 Linseed oil is a polyunsaturated triglyceride that can be extracted from the seeds of the flax plant, *Linum usitatissimum*.

A diagram of a linseed oil molecule is shown below.

Which of the options, A to D, identifies the bond labelled W?

- A glycosidic
- **B** phosphodiester
- **C** peptide
- **D** ester

Your answer	
-------------	--

6 Lactase is an enzyme found in mammals that breaks down lactose.

Which of the molecules, $\bf A$ to $\bf D$, would be found in a solution following the complete hydrolysis of the enzyme lactase?

Α

В

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H & R & O \\ \hline & C & C & O \\ H & H & O & H \end{array}$$

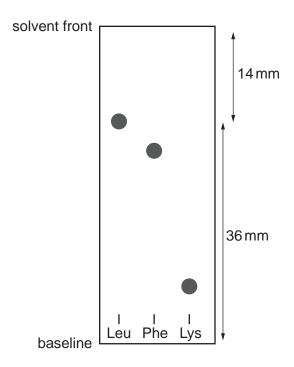
С

D

Your answer

[1]

7 The diagram below is a chromatogram of three different amino acids. The distance travelled by the solvent from the baseline is 50 mm.



Using the information in the chromatogram, which of the options, $\bf A$ to $\bf D$, is the Rf value for the amino acid leucine (Leu)?

- **A** 0.39
- **B** 0.28
- **C** 0.72
- **D** 1.39

Your answer

8	Haemoglobin is a	protein molecule	found in	mammalian	erythroc	ytes.
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Which of the statements, A to D, about the structure of haemoglobin is correct?

- A Primary structure does not contain any oxygen-carrying haem groups.
- **B** Secondary structure is stabilised by hydrogen bonds between different polypeptide chains.
- **C** Tertiary structure has two α and two β polypeptide chains.
- **D** Quaternary structure is stabilised by peptide bonds between the polypeptide chains.

Your answer		
		[1]

9 During a clinical trial, two groups of patients that had received blood transfusions were compared.

Some of the results are shown below.

Patient group	Number of patients	Number of deaths during the hospitalisation period	Mortality rate (%)
Group 1	420	118	28.1
Group 2	418	93	

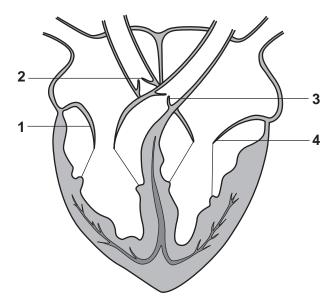
Which of the options, $\bf A$ to $\bf D$, is the correctly calculated difference in mortality rate between the two groups?

- **A** 22.2%
- **B** 50.3%
- **C** 71.9%
- **D** 5.9%

Your answer	
	[1]

10 The diagram below shows the internal structure of a mammalian heart.

Valves have been labelled 1, 2, 3 and 4.



Which of the rows, **A** to **D**, describes the positions of these valves during ventricular systole?

	1	2	3	4
Α	open	closed	open	open
В	open	closed	closed	open
С	closed	open	open	closed
D	closed	open	open	open

Your answer	
-------------	--

11 A student was investigating the effect of exercise on heart function. Some of the results are shown in the table below.

	Heart rate (bpm)	Cardiac output (cm³ min ⁻¹)
At rest	75	5625
During exercise	120	12600

Which of the options, **A** to **D**, is the correctly calculated **stroke volume** for this heart at rest?

- **A** 0.01 cm³
- **B** 75 cm³
- **C** 105 cm³
- **D** 421875 cm³

Your answer	
	[1]

12 Some students are preparing for a lecture on the mammalian transport system.

student A

I'd say that valves in veins help to maintain pressure and keep blood moving so that it doesn't agglutinate.

student B

I think closed double circulations only maintain useful pressure in the systemic system.

student C

A double circulatory system saves the heart from having to deal with deoxygenated blood.

student D

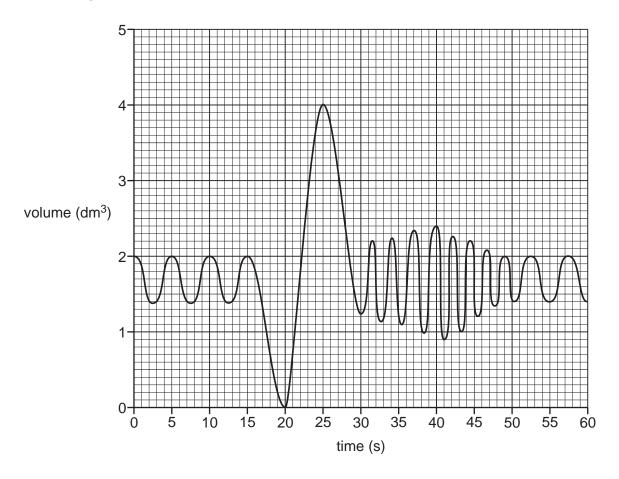
I think that respiratory gases are transferred between body cells and circulating blood via tissue fluid.

Which of the students, **A** to **D**, has the correct idea about the mammalian transport system?

- A student A
- B student B
- C student C
- **D** student D

Your answer	
-------------	--

13 A spirometer was used to monitor the breathing of a student during periods of rest and exercise. The resulting spirometer trace is shown below.



Using the spirometer trace, which of the options, **A** to **D**, is the value for the resting tidal volume?

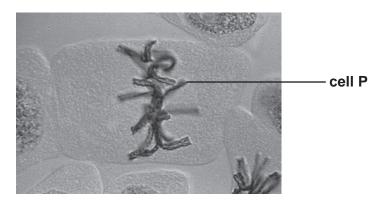
- **A** 2.0 dm³
- \mathbf{B} 2.6 dm³
- $C = 0.6 \, dm^3$
- **D** $4.0 \, dm^3$

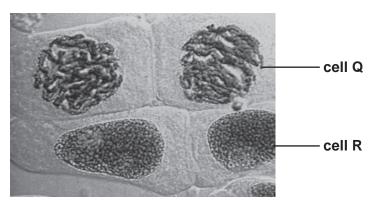
Your answer

[1]

14		During a routine visit to the antenatal clinic, a woman in the early stages of pregnancy was offered advice about why she should increase her intake of certain nutrients.				
		ich of the following nutrients, ${f A}$ to ${f D}$, should be increased for synthesis of DNA and producerythrocytes?	ction			
	Α	iron				
	В	folic acid				
	С	calcium				
	D	vitamins A and C				
	You	ur answer	[1]			

15 The photomicrographs show plant cells in different stages of the cell cycle.







Which of the rows, **A** to **D**, correctly identifies the stages of the cell cycle occurring in the cells?

	Cell P	Cell Q	Cell R	Cell S
Α	metaphase	interphase	telophase	anaphase
В	anaphase	prophase	interphase	telophase
С	metaphase	prophase	interphase	telophase
D	metaphase	interphase	prophase	anaphase

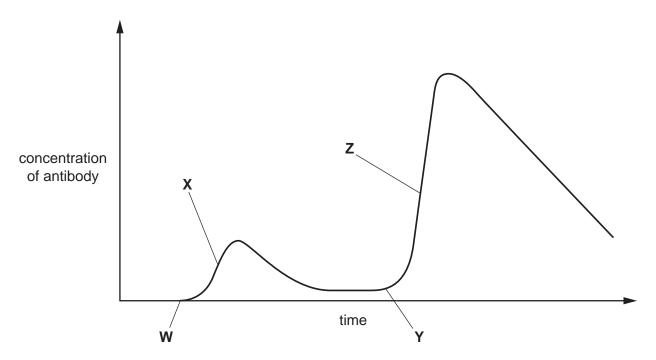
Your answer	
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[1]

16	Livi	ng organisms are classified by biologists in hierarchical groupings called taxonomic ranks.	
	Afte	er domain and kingdom, which of the options, A to D, is the correct sequence for these ranks	?
	Α	phylum, order, class, family, genus, species	
	В	phylum, class, order, family, genus, species	
	С	phylum, order, family, class, genus, species	
	D	phylum, class, family, order, genus, species	
	You	r answer [1]
17		ich of the options, ${\bf A}$ to ${\bf D}$, are molecules that enhance phagocytosis by marking antigering an immune response?	าร
	Α	cytokines	
	В	agglutinins	
	С	anti-toxins	
	D	opsonins	
	You	r answer [1]

18 Vaccination can provide immunity to infectious diseases.

The graph below shows an immune response for a person who has been vaccinated against an infectious disease.



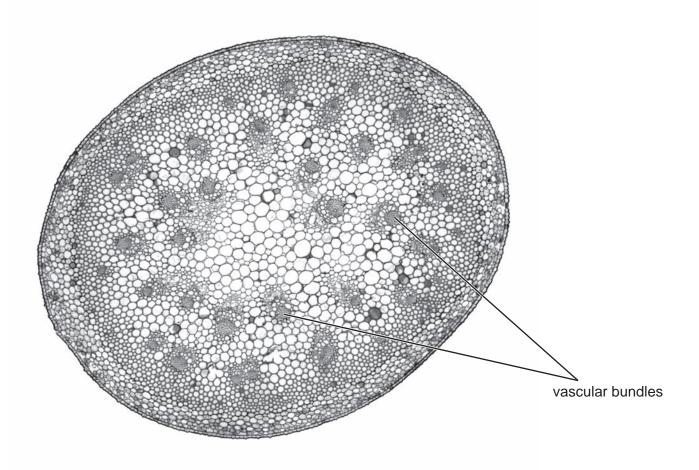
Which of the options, **A** to **D**, describes what is happening during this immune response?

- **A** At **W** the person was first exposed to the pathogen and at **X** the person was vaccinated.
- **B** At **X** the person is producing a primary response to the vaccine and at **Z** the person is producing a primary response to the same antigen as that found in the vaccine.
- **C** At **W** the person was vaccinated and at **Z** the person is producing a secondary response to the same antigen as that found in the vaccine.
- **D** At **X** the person was vaccinated and at **Y** the person is producing a secondary response to the same antigen as that found in the vaccine.

Your answer	

19		Cromolyn is a medicinal drug derived from plants. It has properties that make it useful in the treatment of asthma.			
		ich of the options, ${\bf A}$ to ${\bf D}$, describes a property that would be most useful for the treatmenma?	nt of		
	Α	inhibits mitosis			
	В	is antibacterial			
	С	acts as a painkiller			
	D	acts as a relaxant of smooth muscle			
	You	ır answer	[1]		

20 The photomicrograph below shows a transverse section of a plant organ.



Which of the plant organs, **A** to **D**, is shown in the photomicrograph?

- A stem of a dicotyledon
- B stem of a monocotyledon
- **C** root of a dicotyledon
- **D** root of a monocotyledon

Your	answer	
Your	answer	

[1]

20 SECTION B

Answer all the questions.

21 In addition to stomata, seedlings of trees such as the red maple, *Acer rubrum*, develop lenticels in their stems as they grow.

(a)	Explain why tree seedlings need to develop lenticels in addition to stomata as they grow.

(b) Flooded or waterlogged soils can affect the development of lenticels in A. rubrum seedlings.

The effect of waterlogged soils on lenticel development was investigated *in situ* on a sloping hillside as shown in Fig. 21.1.

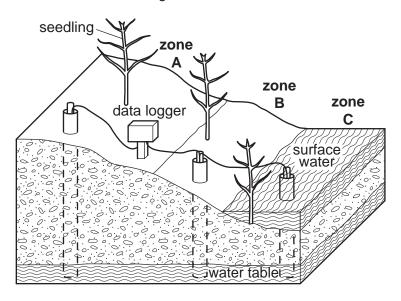


Fig. 21.1

Three zones were established:

- Zone A (upland) dry soil. Seedlings would only receive water when it rained
- Zone B (saturated) wet soil. Roots of the seedlings would always be in contact with water
- **Zone C** (wetland) water-logged soil with surface water always present at a depth of at least 5 cm. Both stems and roots of seedlings would always be in contact with water.

The level of the water table shown in Fig. 21.1 was monitored throughout the investigation
Suggest why.
Suggest one advantage and one disadvantage of carrying out this investigation <i>in site</i> rather than in a laboratory.
advantage
disadvantage

(c) There were 100 seedlings in each zone and the number of lenticels on the stem of each seedling was counted over a period of 13 weeks.

Fig. 21.2 shows the results of the investigation.

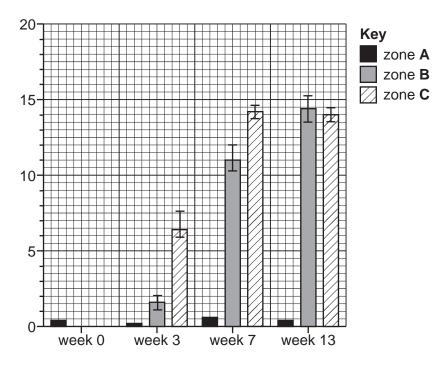


Fig. 21.2

(i)	What would be a suitable label for the <i>y</i> -axis of the bar chart shown in Fig. 21.2?
	[1]
(ii)	Using Fig. 21.2, what can you conclude about the results for zones B and C over the period of the investigation?
	[2]

(d)		After 13 weeks it was noticed that the seedlings in zone $\bf C$ developed an increase in thickness of the stem (stem hypertrophy) caused by enlargement of cells in the cortex of the stem.		
	(i)	Apart from enlargement of cells, name one other process that would result in an increase in the thickness of the seedling stem.		
		[1]		
	(ii)	Suggest why the roots of $\emph{A. rubrum}$ seedlings in zone $\emph{\textbf{C}}$ had reduced uptake of nutrients during the investigation.		
		rei		

22 Fig. 22 represents one branch of a phylogenetic tree for the evolution of hominids.

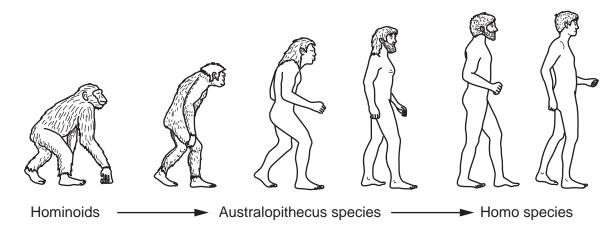


Fig. 22

(a)	Using Fig. 22, describe one anatomical adaptation that arose during the evolution of hominids and suggest how this was an advantage to early hominids such as <i>Australopithecus africanus</i> .
	adaptation
	advantage
	[2]
(b)	There are many different theories for the evolution of language in hominids.
	In the late nineteenth century, the Royal Linguistic Society banned any discussion about the evolution of language based on the fact that none of the theories could be proven scientifically.
	Using your knowledge of the theories for the evolution of language, outline methods that have been developed in recent years to test these theories.
	[3]

(c)	Evidence from fossils and biochemical molecules, such as DNA, has enabled scientist classify hominids.	ts to
	Complete the following passage about DNA using the most appropriate terms.	
	DNA is a double helix made of two strands. The individual	
	molecules in each strand are held together by bonds formed	
	during a series of reactions. The two strands are held together	
	by bonds between pairs of nitrogenous bases. Evidence showed that cytosine,	
	a type of base, always pairs with	
	This is called complementary base pairing.	[6]
		[5]

- 23 Variegin is a small protein molecule that has been isolated from the salivary glands of the tick species, *Amblyomma variegatum*.
 - (a) Variegin is a competitive inhibitor of the blood-clotting enzyme, thrombin.

i)	Using your knowledge of the role of thrombin in the blood-clotting process, explain how variegin acts as a competitive inhibitor.

(ii) Fig. 23 shows the effect of two different inhibitors, **Y** and **Z**, on the activity of thrombin as substrate concentration increases.

Curve **X** shows the effect of substrate concentration without an inhibitor.

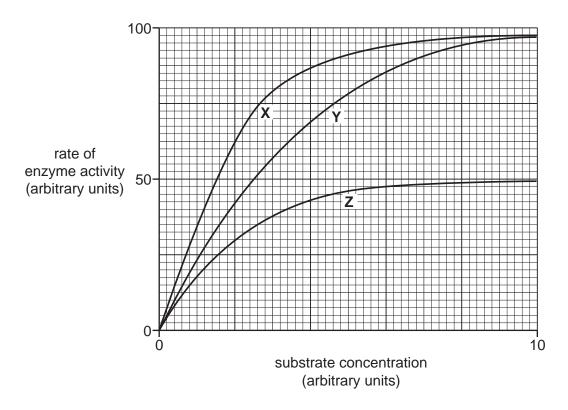


Fig. 23

		thrombin?
		Give a reason for your choice.
		[1]
	(iii)	Using Fig. 23, calculate the percentage decrease in rate of enzyme activity when inhibitor Z is present at a substrate concentration of 4.0 arbitrary units.
		Give your answer to 2 significant figures.
		decrease = % [2]
(b)		parin is a blood-clotting inhibitor which can be used to treat people with a disorder known antiphospholipid antibody syndrome (APS).
	Ped	pple with APS produce antibodies that attach to phospholipid molecules in cells.
	Sug	gest why this may result in the formation of blood clots in the circulatory system.
		[2]

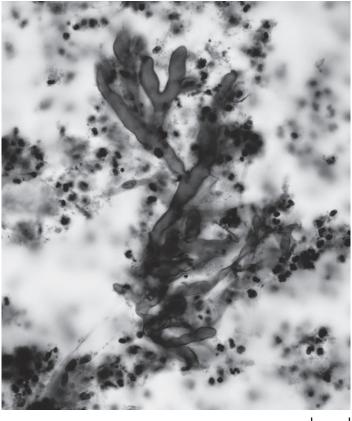
24 Aspergillus fumigatus is a fungus normally found in soil humus. It is an opportunistic pathogen known to cause a variety of diseases in mammals and birds called aspergillosis.

Aspergillosis can occur in any area of the body, but the respiratory system is most commonly affected.

(i)	Using A. fumigatus as an example, explain what is meant by the term opportunistic.
	[1]
(ii)	Outline one mechanism used by pathogenic fungi such as <i>A. fumigatus</i> to infect body tissues.
	[2]

(b) One method of diagnosing aspergillosis in the human respiratory system is to use a light microscope to observe sputum samples.

Fig. 24 is a photomicrograph showing the presence of *A. fumigatus* in a human sputum sample.



_____ 50 μm

Fig. 24

(a)

(1)	cells of <i>A. fumigatus</i> using a light microscope.
<i>(</i> 11)	[2]
(ii)	Calculate the magnification of the photomicrograph shown in Fig. 24.
	magnification =[2]
 Λ.	

(c) A. fumigatus can also be observed using other types of microscope such as scanning electron microscopes and transmission electron microscopes.

The table below lists a number of features that could apply to **either or both** of these types of electron microscope.

Complete the table by indicating with a tick $(\ensuremath{\checkmark})$ which of the features apply to each type of electron microscope.

Feature	Scanning electron microscope	Transmission electron microscope
The electron beam reflects off the surface of the specimen		
A 3-D image is produced		
Heavy metals are used to stain or coat the specimen		
Specimens must be extremely thin		

[4]

25 Fig. 25 shows the number of cancer cases linked to human papilloma virus (HPV) that occurred worldwide in 2002.

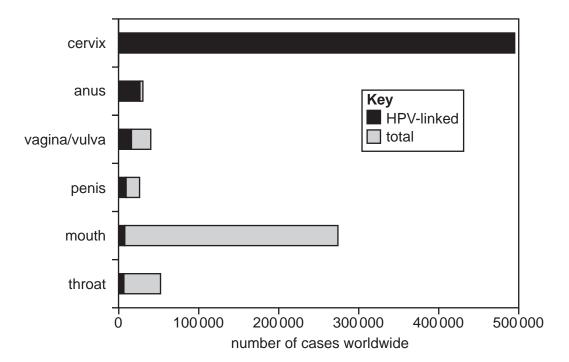


Fig. 25

(a)	It has been concluded that women are at greater risk than men of developing cancer linked to
	HPV The most common cancer linked to HPV in women is cervical cancer

(i)	Using Fig. 25, suggest what additional information would be needed to conclude that women are at greater risk than men of developing other cancers linked to HPV.
	[1]
(ii)	A vaccine against HPV has been developed to protect young women from cervica cancer. It has been suggested that young men could also benefit from this vaccine.
	Suggest why some people might object to compulsory vaccination of young men.
	ro

(b)	In th	ne UK, the HPV vaccine is now part of the national childhood vaccination programme.
		ninistration of vaccines such as the HPV vaccine is an example of a type of artificial nunity.
	(i)	Describe examples of two types of natural immunity.
		[3]
	(ii)	Studies have shown the presence of memory B lymphocytes in recipients of the HPV vaccine eight years after it was administered.
		Outline the role of memory B lymphocytes in providing long-term immunity to HPV.
		[3]
(c)		some areas of the UK, screening tests for HPV were trialled in addition to the normal vical screening test.
	Sug	gest why women in these trials were offered both screening tests.
		[1]
		[1]

32 ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s must be clearly shown in the margin(s).



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